

[HST Bulletin 24 May 2024](#)[View this email in your browser](#)

CATEGORIES

[Academic and Peer Reviewed Articles](#)[Recent Public Health News](#)[Training and Resources](#)[Publications and Reports](#)[Conferences and Events](#)[Job Opportunities](#)

ACADEMIC AND PEER REVIEWED ARTICLES

Discontinuation of HIV oral pre-exposure prophylaxis: findings from programmatic surveillance within two general population HIV programs in Nigeria

BMC Public Health | 16 May 2024

Helen Anyasi, Augustine Idemudia, Titilope Badru, Stanley Onyegbule, Etiemana Isang, et al.

As oral PrEP scales up in Nigeria, information about uptake, use pattern and client preference in a real-world, implementation setting is invaluable to guide refining service provision and incorporation of oral PrEP and other prevention measures into routine health services. To add to this body of knowledge, our study examines factors associated with discontinuation of PrEP among HIV negative individuals across two large scale programs in Nigeria.

The potential of broadly neutralizing antibodies for HIV prevention

Journal of the International AIDS Society | 17 May 2024

Huub C. Gelderblom, Lawrence Corey, Dan H. Barouch

The number of new HIV acquisitions globally has declined, but not rapidly enough to meet the 2030 targets set by UNAIDS and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) [1, 2]. Despite intense efforts such as those to support the UNAIDS 95-95-95 targets and to expand the availability of oral pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP), progress in primary prevention of HIV acquisition has lagged. There were 1.3 million new HIV acquisitions in 2022, and at current rates of decline, this number is projected to decrease to 900,000 new HIV acquisitions by 2030, which is far from the SDG target of 300,000. The number of people living with HIV will continue to increase from 39 million in 2022 to a projected 45 million in 2030.

Interest in I-PrEP and Willingness to Participate in Clinical Trials Among Men and Transfeminine Persons Who have Sex with Men in Sub-Saharan Africa: Quantitative and Qualitative Findings from HPTN 075

Aids and Behavior | 18 May 2024

Theodorus G. M. Sandfort, Philip Kreniske, Calvin Mbede, Doerieyah Reynolds, Gugulethu Tshabalala, et

al.

This study explored interest in injectable PrEP (I-PrEP) and willingness to participate in clinical trials testing new biomedical HIV prevention strategies among men and transfeminine persons who have sex with men (MSM & TGP), using data collected in the HIV Prevention Trials Network (HPTN) 075 study, which took place at sites in Kenya, Malawi, and South Africa. Data result from a survey among 267 18–44 years old HIV negative participants, complemented with semi-structured interviews with 80 purposively recruited persons.

Facilitators and Barriers to Adherence to Anti-Retroviral Treatment Among Pregnant or Breastfeeding Women Living with HIV and Perinatally Infected Infants: A Scoping Review

Aids and Behavior | 20 May 2024

Joanne H. Hunt, Holly L. Peay & Gail E. Henderson

In 2022, 54% of 1.5 million children (age 0–14) living with HIV had access to anti-retroviral medication (ART). Adherence to ART for pregnant or breastfeeding HIV + women is critical for maintaining their personal health and to prevent mother-to-child-transmission (MTCT). For HIV + infants, adherence is essential to establish early viremic control and is contingent on caregiver administration. We conducted a scoping review to systematically identify and categorize the influences on ART adherence for pregnant or breastfeeding HIV + women and their HIV + infants.

Intersectional HIV- and Depression-Related Stigma Among People with HIV Entering HIV Care in Cameroon

Aids and Behavior | 20 May 2024

Lindsey M. Filiatreau, Peter Vanes Ebasone, Anastase Dzudie, Milton Wainberg, Marcel Yotebieng, et al.

Mental health-related stigma is a prominent barrier to improved mental health outcomes globally and may be particularly harmful to populations with other stigmatized identities. We aimed to understand intersectional depression- and HIV-related stigma among people with HIV (PWH) entering HIV care in Cameroon. Using baseline data from a cohort of PWH entering HIV care in Cameroon between 2019 and 2020, we characterized depression- and HIV-related stigma in the population overall and by sociodemographic sub-group.

The HIV response beyond 2030: preparing for decades of sustained HIV epidemic control in eastern and southern Africa

The Lancet | 20 May 2024

The UN global goal to “end AIDS as a public health threat by 2030” has motivated remarkable progress in eastern and southern African countries most affected by HIV. In these countries since 2010, new HIV infections have decreased by an estimated 57% and AIDS-related deaths by 58%.³ Targeted 90% reductions between 2010 and 2030 are in reach for some countries in eastern and southern Africa that are also on track to attain the UNAIDS 95-95-95 HIV care cascade targets.

Impact of COVID-19 on women living with HIV who are survivors of intimate partner violence

BMC Public Health | 20 May 2024

Xinyi Zhang, Carolina R. Price, Alexandrya S. Pope, Tami P. Sullivan & Jaimie P. Meyer

Women living with HIV (WLWH) experience higher rates of intimate partner violence (IPV) compared to women without HIV, but there has been minimal research to date on the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the lived experiences of WLWH who are IPV survivors.

COVID-19 vaccine intentions and attitudes in Black American emerging adults with asthma

BMC Public Health | 20 May 2024

Amy Lee Hall, Pranati Movva, Rhonda Dailey, Wanda Gibson-Scipio, Alan P. Baptist et al.

Emerging adults (aged 18–29) are less likely to receive the COVID-19 vaccine than any other adult age group. Black Americans are less likely than non-Hispanic white Americans to be fully vaccinated against COVID-19. This study explored factors which affect vaccine intention and attitudes in Black American emerging adults with asthma.

Factors associated with antiretroviral treatment adherence among people living with HIV in Guangdong Province, China: a cross sectional analysis

BMC Public Health | 20 May 2024

Jun Liu, Yao Yan, Yan Li, Kaihao Lin, Yingqian Xie, et al

Understanding factors associated with antiretroviral treatment (ART) adherence is crucial for ART success among people living with HIV (PLHIV) in the “test and treat” era. Multiple psychosocial factors tend to coexist and have a syndemic effect on ART adherence. We aimed to explore factors associated with ART adherence and the syndemic effect of multiple psychosocial factors on ART adherence among PLHIV newly starting ART in Guangdong Province, China.

How paediatric HIV services weathered the COVID-19 storm in Tshwane District, South Africa

South African Journal of HIV and Medicine | 20 May 2024

The coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic disrupted paediatric HIV services across South Africa. Shortly before COVID-19, updated national HIV guidelines were released

Prevalence of HIV-related stigma manifestations and their contributing factors among people living with HIV in Sweden – a nationwide study

BMC Public Health | 20 May 2024

Lena Nilsson Schönnesson, Marie Dahlberg, Maria Reinius, Galit Zeluf-Andersson, Anna-Mia Ekström et al.

With access to antiretroviral therapy (ART) HIV infection is a chronic manageable condition and non-sexually transmissible. Yet, many people living with HIV still testify about experiencing HIV-related stigma and discrimination. It is well-documented that HIV-related stigma and discrimination continue to be critical barriers to prevention, treatment, care and quality of life. From an individual stigma-reduction intervention perspective, it is essential to identify individual and interpersonal factors associated with HIV-related stigma manifestations. To address this issue and to expand the literature, the aim of this study was to assess the prevalence of HIV-related stigma manifestations and their associated factors among a diverse sample of people living with HIV in Sweden.

Exploring factors hindering the uptake of HIV pre-exposure prophylaxis by potential users in Namibia.

South African Journal of HIV and Medicine | 21 May 2024

Daniel O. Ashipala

Pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) is recommended for people who are at substantial risk of HIV infection, in conjunction with other HIV prevention tools and strategies. Unfortunately, the uptake of PrEP among potential users in Namibia's Okongo district is low. **Objectives:** The objective of this study was to explore and describe the factors that hinder the uptake of HIV PrEP by potential users at the Okongo District Hospital in Namibia.

Barriers to viral load suppression among adolescents living with HIV on anti-retroviral therapy: a retrospective study in Tanga, Tanzania

Aids Research and Therapy | 22 May 2024

Stella Emmanuel Mushy, Expeditho Mtisi, Simon Mkawe, Eric Mboggo, John Ndega, et al

Despite the decreased incidence of the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) in Tanzania, the number of adolescents living with HIV is increasing. This study aimed to describe factors independently associated with viral load non-suppression among adolescents living with HIV (ALHIV) on ART in the Tanga region.

Prevalence of high-risk human papillomavirus genotypes in outpatient Malian women living with HIV: a pilot study

BMC infectious Diseases | 22 May 2024

Ban Traore, Yaya Kassogue, Brehima Diakite, Fousseyni Diarra, Kadidiatou Cisse, et al.

Long-term exposure to high-risk human papillomavirus (Hr-HPV) is a well-known necessary condition for development of cervical cancer. The aim of this study is to screen for Hr-HPV using vaginal self-sampling,

which is a more effective approach to improve women's adherence and increase screening rates.

Implementing the global health sector strategies on HIV, viral hepatitis and sexually transmitted infections, 2022–2030: report on progress and gaps 2024

World Health Organization | 22 May 2024

This report is the first of a series of biennial progress reports on the implementation of the Global health sector strategies on HIV, viral hepatitis and sexually transmitted infections for the period 2022–2030. It draws attention to areas of progress and gaps in preparation for the mid-term review of the strategies in 2026. the period 2022–2030. It draws attention to areas of progress and gaps in preparation for the mid-term review of the strategies in 2026.

Associations Between Alcohol Use, Antiretroviral Therapy Use, and Viral Load Suppression Among People Living with HIV in Rural Central Uganda

Aids and Behavior | 22 May 2024

Adriane Wynn, Katelyn M. Sileo, Katherine Schmarje Crockett, Rose Naigino, et al.

Alcohol use among people living with HIV (PWH) is common and may negatively affect engagement in HIV care. We evaluated the relationships between alcohol use, ART use, and viral suppression among PWH in Uganda. PATH/Ekkubo was a trial evaluating a linkage to HIV care intervention in four Ugandan districts, Nov 2015–Sept 2021. Our analytical sample included: (1) baseline data from individuals not enrolled in the intervention trial (previously diagnosed HIV+); and 12-month follow-up data from the control group (newly diagnosed or previously diagnosed, but not in care).

Can neonicotinoid and pyrrole insecticides manage malaria vector resistance in high pyrethroid resistance areas in Côte d'Ivoire?

BMC | 22 May 2024

Armand K. Ekra, Constant A. V. Edi, Guy Constant N. Gbalegba, Julien Z. B. Zahouli, Mathias Danho, et al.

Anopheles mosquito resistance to insecticide remains a serious threat to malaria vector control affecting several sub-Saharan African countries, including Côte d'Ivoire, where high pyrethroid, carbamate and organophosphate resistance have been reported. Since 2017, new insecticides, namely neonicotinoids (e.g.; clothianidin) and pyrroles (e.g.; chlorfenapyr) have been pre-qualified by the World Health Organization (WHO) for use in public health to manage insecticide resistance for disease vector control.

Factors influencing risk perception during Public Health Emergencies of International Concern (PHEIC): a scoping review

BMC Public Health | 22 May 2024

Jason Dean-Chen Yin & Juliana Nga-Man Lui

The unknownness and dread potential of a risk event shapes its perceived risk. A public health emergency of international concern (PHEIC) declaration by the World Health Organisation (WHO) is a signal for such an event. Understanding perceived risk then shapes risk-avoiding behaviours, important for health prevention. The review aims to consolidate the determinants of risk perception during a PHEIC, underscoring the need for grounding in context and theory. Studies published from 2010 until end-2020, searching PubMed, PsycINFO, MedlinePlus, PubPsych, and CINAHL, were included.

Is the Differentiated Service Delivery Model Suited to the Needs of People Living with HIV in Rwanda ?

AIDS and Behavior | 23 May 2024

J. Sebeza, C. Muiruri, D. J. Riedel, K. Stafford, H. Omari, et al.

The primary goal of antiretroviral treatment is to improve the health of individuals with HIV, and a secondary goal is to prevent further transmission. In 2016, Rwanda adopted the World Health Organization's "treat-all" approach in combination with the differentiated service delivery (DSD) model. The model's goal was to shorten the time from HIV diagnosis to treatment initiation, regardless of the CD4 T-cell count.

Barriers to pregnancy prevention for adolescents in rural Haiti: perceptions of healthcare providers

BMC Women's Health | 11 May 2024

Shelbie Wooten, Emily Hurley, Nikolaus Schuetz, Melissa K. Miller, Jonathan Rodean, et al.

Little is known about healthcare providers' (HCPs) contraceptive views for adolescents in Haiti, who experience high rates of unintended pregnancy. We sought to describe HCPs' perspectives on barriers and facilitators to contraceptive care delivery in rural Haiti.

[\(Return to Top\)](#)

RECENT PUBLIC HEALTH NEWS

Heart Disease Looks Different For Women — and Pregnancy Can Increase Your Risk

Peace health | 17 May 2024

May is Women's Health Awareness month — a time to learn more about women's health risks and needs. One place to start is by finding out how heart disease can look different in women. The more you know, the better you can take care of yourself. Knowing the signs can also help you care for the women in your life.

Empowering ob-gyns to address sexual health concerns

Contemporary OB/GYN | 18 May 2024

In a recent interview, Alexandra Dubinskaya, MD, FACOG, Rachel Pope, MD, MPH, and Jill Krapf, MD, FACOG, discussed their presentation about addressing sexual health at the 2024 ACOG Annual Clinical & Scientific Meeting. The priority of the session was to provide information for doctors to address sexual health concerns among their patients and to give them the tools necessary to treat sexual health conditions. This included management of hypoactive sexual desire disorder. Treatment options discussed included referral to a sexual therapist and medication. Anorgasmia, a disorder with high prevalence in women, was also discussed. This included a case study highlighting anorgasmia, causes behind the condition, and tools the ob-gyn can use to help their patient.

Bariatric surgery may protect against development of breast cancer in women with obesity

News Medical Life Science | 20 May 2024

Breast cancer is one of the most common cancers in women and a leading cause of cancer-related death. Obesity, a major risk factor, worsens disease outcomes and is rising globally, increasing breast cancer incidence. Insulin, a cellular growth factor, mediates cancer risk in obesity.

'Best day ever. I just wish I were younger': the voices of infected blood victims

The Guardian | 20 May 2024

The final report on the infected blood scandal details the litany of government and healthcare failures which led to thousands of people being infected with HIV and Hepatitis C. It contains harsh words for doctors, ministers and civil servants, but it also aims to shine a light on the heartbreaking stories of pain and loss from victims and their families. Here are some of their reactions to the report in Westminster on Monday.

Black Americans' risk for breast cancer gains clarity in analysis of 40,000 genomes

Stat | 21 May 2024

Hundreds of genetic variants can nudge someone's risk of breast cancer up or down or towards a particular subtype. The studies identifying those gene variants, though, have largely involved people with European ancestry and thus give a less accurate picture of breast cancer risk for people who are not white.

Can music therapy improve language development in preterm children by 24 months?

News Medical Life science | 21 May 2024

Preterm birth affects 15 million neonates annually, increasing mortality, morbidity, and long-term

neurodevelopmental issues. Although 90% of preterm newborns survive without impairments, their brains remain vulnerable, leading to cognitive and behavioral challenges. The NICU's auditory environment can negatively impact brain development, but early exposure to adult speech and parent-led, infant-directed singing can improve language and cognitive outcomes.

Miss World Rolene Strauss opens up about her experience with HIV treatment

IOL | 21 May 2024

Rolene Strauss, the former Miss South Africa and Miss World, who is a mother to two boys, took to her Instagram timeline to share her personal story around HIV. Once regarded as one of the most terrifying viruses, HIV is now a manageable condition, with various methods available to prevent infection and transmission. Despite this progress, significant social stigma persists, making it challenging for those diagnosed with or living with HIV to adjust.

To hunt for better malaria vaccines, researchers turn to machine learning

Medical Xpress | 22 May 2024

Anti-malaria drugs have been a central component of a global public health effort that saw a 44% drop in the deadly mosquito-borne disease from 2000 to 2019, but progress has stalled as the parasites that cause malaria gain resistance to these drugs. Now, computational biologists from the University of Maryland, College Park have partnered with researchers at the University of Maryland School of Medicine in Baltimore to pursue a malaria vaccine using machine learning—a subset of artificial intelligence that doesn't require direct programming.

WHO report flags global rise of STIs

Juta Medical Brief | 22 May 2024

A new report from the WHO shows that sexually transmitted infections (STIs) are on the rise worldwide, with chlamydia, gonorrhoea, syphilis and trichomoniasis, all of which are curable, being responsible for more than 1m daily infections in adults aged 15 to 49. Cases of syphilis, in particular, have been rising rapidly, with new cases in that age category increased from 7.1m in 2020 to 8m in 2022, reports ABC News. There have also been increases in congenital syphilis: between 2020 and 2022, the rate per 100 000 live births per year rose from 425 to 523. The global trends mirror those seen in the United States. A US Centres for Disease Control and Prevention report earlier this year found the total number of syphilis cases increased more than 17% to 207 255 between 2021 and 2022, reaching the greatest number of cases reported since 1950.

Raising life expectancy for youth with HIV requires more than just adherence to care regimens, researchers say

Medical Xpress | 22 May 2024

Life expectancy of youth with HIV is projected to be 10.4 years less in males and 11.8 years less in females compared to individuals without HIV, a study by researchers at Massachusetts General Hospital (MGH), a founding member of the Mass General Brigham health care system, has found. The research, published in JAMA Health Forum, also reported that careful adherence to HIV care throughout the individual's lifespan can lead to important gains in life expectancy, and that for some adolescents with HIV, interventions focused on structural and social factors such as poverty and housing could also result in improvements.

Cracking the genetic code for COVID-19 vaccine effectiveness

Medical Xpress | 22 May 2024

Researchers have unveiled critical insights into how our genetic makeup influences the body's response to COVID-19 vaccines. The study, published in Nature Communications, may open new paths to personalized vaccination strategies. The study, led by Junqing Xie, Postdoctoral Researcher in Pharmacoepidemiology and Pharmacogenetics at NDORMS, examined the genetic variations in the human leukocyte antigen (HLA) genes and their impact on the antibody responses induced by the COVID-19 vaccination.

South Africa Bullied By Big Pharma In COVID-19 Vaccines Contract Negotiations

Health-E News | 23 May 2024

More details of how South Africa was strong-armed into paying exorbitant prices for COVID-19 vaccines

have emerged. This week the health advocacy organisation, Health Justice Initiative (HJI) released a follow-up analysis of the government's negotiations with COVID-19 vaccine suppliers.

[\(Return to Top\)](#)

TRAINING AND RESOURCES

Call for Applications, Albertina Sisulu Executive Leadership Program in Health (ASELPH) Fellowship, A University of Pretoria Postgraduate Diploma in Health Systems Management in Executive Leadership, Application Deadline, 30 June 2024

The Albertina Sisulu Executive Leadership Program in Health (ASELPH) is a unique collaborative program through the University of Pretoria that was jointly developed and initially implemented with contributions from the Harvard TH Chan School of Public Health, and the National and Provincial Departments of Health in South Africa. A key aim is to improve the South African health system through the training of health workers to become exceptional executive leaders, who are better able to drive local health system strengthening and performance.

The Program is focussed on developing Executives (middle and senior health system managers or clinicians) for the unique environment and challenges of the South African health system; this 120 credit (1200 learning hours) postgraduate diploma covers modules in Leadership, Ethics, Strategic Planning, Health sector Transformation, Decentralization & health service re-engineering; Complex Problem Solving, Financial Management, Human Resources For Health, Quality Improvement, Strategic Marketing and Communication and Monitoring and Evaluation. Innovative teaching and learning approaches include peer learning, case study methodology, reflective learning and mentorship. Each Fellow completes a research project and 12 core and elective modules. These are provided through a hybrid learning approach which includes pre-module online work, a 3-day contact class per module at the University of Pretoria and post module assignments. In all, there are approximately 35 contact class days in 6 blocks (Mon-Sat) over a calendar year.

This is a call for applications for the 7th cohort of the Albertina Sisulu Executive Leadership Program in Health starting in January 2025 at the University of Pretoria. This is a part-time Postgraduate Diploma in Health Systems Management in Executive Leadership.

Target Group: Those in middle and senior management and leadership positions, including clinicians, in the health system are encouraged to apply. Applicants from NGOs, technical agencies and the private health sector are also welcome to apply for the training programme. Preference is for current public health sector employees.

Minimum Requirements for Admission are a three-year University Bachelor's Degree (NQF 7 or above) and a minimum of four years management experience in the health sector.

While university funding support is not provided, **Partial or Full Tuition Bursaries** may be available for public health sector employees through respective provincial or HWSETA bursaries, while it is anticipated that relevant Departments of Health will cover travel and accommodation costs. This includes applicants from provincial health services as well as municipal health services.

Preference is for current South African public health sector employees and will be for those who have not had any previous post graduate training in public health, management or leadership programs and/or those who have not benefited from any prior health sector financial support for any form of training.

Application and Selection Process: All SA public health sector officials eligible for consideration will be subjected to a joint Provincial DOH / ASELPH Recruitment, Interview and Selection process. Applications, together with supporting documents (ID, CV, motivation letter and copy of qualifications labelled with prospective applicant's student number) must be submitted online at:

https://upnet.up.ac.za/psc/upapply/EMPLOYEE/SA/c/UP_OAP_MENU.UP_OAP_LOGIN.GBL

For further information contact Mr Lesiba Mpati at lesiba.mpati@up.ac.za

Subscribe to the Health Systems Trust 60percent

HST produces a weekly online publication, 60percent, which keeps subscribers abreast with the latest news and developments pertaining to HIV-related maternal, adolescent, child and youth health. The name 60percent signifies that southern Africa is responding to a feminised HIV/AIDS epidemic, with at least 60% of those living with HIV being women. Subscribe to 60percent by simply visiting HST's website (<https://www.hst.org.za>), scroll to the bottom of the page, hit the SUBSCRIBE button, and follow the prompts. Let's keep you posted!

<https://www.hst.org.za/Pages/Subscription.aspx>

[\(Return to Top\)](#)

PUBLICATIONS AND REPORTS

DISTRICT HEALTH BAROMETER 2022/2023

The 16th edition of the DHB provides information across a wide range of district health services, covers over 30 indicators and continues to provide policy-makers, health workers, planners, researchers, academics and stakeholders a unique overview of the performance of public health services in South Africa. By providing a detailed analysis of health indicators, trends, and challenges at the district level, the DHB equips district managers and other stakeholders with the data necessary to identify priorities, plan and implement targeted interventions, and monitor progress. This year's Barometer also includes a chapter on air quality and health as we introduce environmental drivers of health in the publication in response to the effects of climate change on health.

As an innovation for the publication, an online interactive dashboard has been developed. This dashboard will include all the indicators that have been compiled in the publication along with accompanying narratives on the key findings for the most recent year of data. It provides userled navigation, with the ability to drill down geographically from provincial to district level. Users will be able to decide what indicators to focus on, over what time window, and at the level of aggregation they choose. There are also timesliders available to navigate the most recent 5 years of data.

<https://www.hst.org.za/publications/Pages/-District-Health-Barometer-2022-2023.aspx>

Call for Abstracts – The *Journal of the International AIDS Society (JIAS)* invites abstracts for the below supplements:

"Person-centred HIV prevention: Supporting people vulnerable to HIV acquisition through tailored programming, service delivery and prevention products" to be launched in September 2025.

Guest Editors: Iskandar Azwa, Marie-Claude Lavoie, Andrew Mujugira

Deadline for abstract submissions: 14 June 2024

More information [here](#).

"Differentiated service delivery – beyond HIV treatment for integration and other health needs" to be launched in July 2025 in conjunction with IAS 2025, the 13th IAS Conference on HIV Science.

Guest Editors: Anna Grimsrud, Charles B. Holmes, Linda Sande

Deadline for abstract submissions: 28 June 2024

More information [here](#).

Call for papers - HIV and TB co-infection – closing date 20 December 2024

BMC Infectious Diseases is calling for submissions to their Collection on HIV and TB co-infection. This collection seeks to explore the complex relationship between tuberculosis (TB) and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), two prominent pathogens within the domain of infectious diseases. They invite submissions on co-infection research, interventions, and perspectives from various stakeholders aiming to advance understanding and improve outcomes in the prevention, diagnosis, treatment, and control of HIV and TB co-infection, covering topics such as epidemiology, pathogenesis, clinical management, drug interactions, public health approaches, socioeconomic determinants, therapeutics

innovation, community engagement, and health systems strengthening.

<https://bmcinfectdis.biomedcentral.com/>

[\(Return to Top\)](#)

CONFERENCES AND EVENTS

8th SA TB Conference 2024

In keeping with the conference theme, the 8th SA TB conference will focus on innovations that will move South Africa further towards ending TB. Look out for exciting plenary presentations, Round Table discussions and Skills Building Workshops. Be part of the conference and submit your abstract early! Your abstract submission ahead of schedule will make a significant impact.

When: 4 – 7 June 2024

Where: Durban ICC

For more information: <https://tbconference.co.za/>

International Pharmaceutical Federation (FIP) Conference

FIP holds the World Congress of Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences, which takes place in a different country each year. In addition to this annual congress, FIP hosts the Pharmaceutical Sciences World Congress every three to four years. At the annual congress thousands of pharmacists meet, learn, share and exchange views. Our varied programme, offering something for everyone, makes this congress the premier international event in pharmacy each year. The theme for this year's congress is "Innovating for the Future of Health Care".

When: 1 – 4 September 2024

Where: Cape Town, South Africa

For more information: <https://capetown2024.fip.org/>

World Congress of Epidemiology

When: 24 – 27 September 2024

Where: Cape Town, South Africa

For more information: <https://www.wce2024.org/>

Public Health Association of South Africa (PHASA) 2024 conference

This year's theme: 'Partnerships for Public Health: Sculpting a Healthier Future Together'

The Public Health Association of South Africa (PHASA) hosts an annual conference, with the aim of engaging public health practitioners from around the country, region and world to share their experiences and research, discuss topical public health issues, and mentor public health students and young researchers.

The 2024 PHASA Conference provides an opportune setting for engaging with the most recent public health research and evidence, for rethinking current models of research translation, for identifying barriers and opportunities for change, and for exploring new strategies for knowledge exchange and dissemination.

Join fellow public health experts, academics, researchers, students, non-governmental organisations, and civil society members at this year's annual PHASA Conference; as we transform the ways we think about and approach priority areas of public health research, policy, and practice, to ultimately improve health outcomes for all.

For more information please visit the conference website: <https://phasa.samrc.ac.za/>

Become a member of the Public Health Association of South Africa (PHASA)

The Public Health Association of South Africa (PHASA) is a voluntary organisation of individuals passionate about population health improvements and the reduction of health inequities, and whose work focuses on the prevention of disease, the promotion of health, and the improved functioning of the country's health care system.

<https://phasa.org.za/index.php/get-involved/membership>

[\(Return to Top\)](#)

JOB OPPORTUNITIES

No vacancies available

[\(Return to Top\)](#)



Copyright © 2019 HEALTH SYSTEMS TRUST, All rights reserved.

Our mailing address is:

hst@hst.org.za

Want to change how you receive these emails?

You can [update your preferences](#) or [unsubscribe from this list](#)